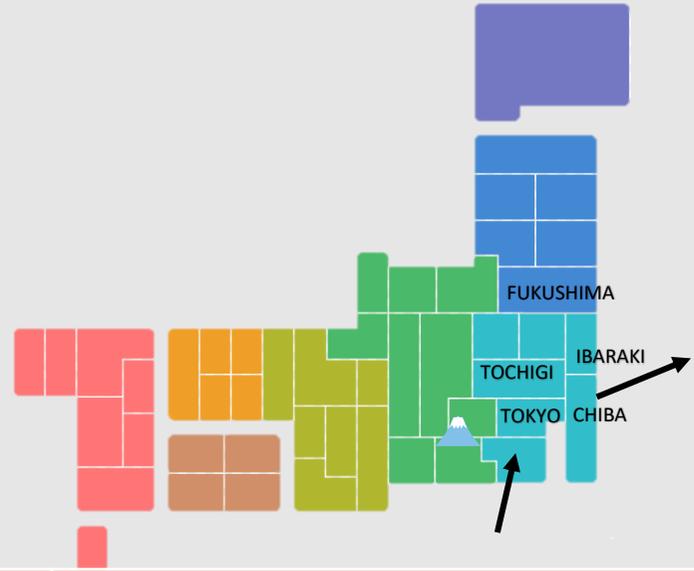


07 Spring Tour (May)

IBARAKI/FUKUSHIMA/TOCHIGI/TOKYO



DAY1	<p>✈️ HANEDA A.P. 🚌 ▷ ① Hitachi Seaside Park 🚌 ▷ 🍴🍷</p> <p>▷ ② Inawashiro Lake 🚌 ▷ Hotel Check In</p> <p style="text-align: right;">▷ Urabandai Hotel </p>
DAY2	<p>Hotel 🚌 ▷ ③ Tsuruga Castle 🚌 ▷ 🍴🍷 ▷ ④ Ouchijuku 🚌</p> <p>▷ Hotel Check In</p> <p style="text-align: right;">▷ Kinugawa Onsen </p>
DAY3	<p>Hotel 🚌 ▷ ⑤ Churenji Lake 🚌 ▷ 🍴🍷 ▷ ⑥ Nikko Toshogu 🚌</p> <p>▷ ⑦ Ashikaga Flower Park 🚌 ▷ Hotel Check In</p> <p style="text-align: right;">▷ Asakusa Hotel </p>
DAY4	<p>Hotel 🚌 ▷ ⑧ Senso Temple 🚌 ▷ 🍴🍷 ▷</p> <p>⑨ Nokogiri Mountain 🚌 ▷ Odaiba Shopping ▷ Hotel Check In</p> <p style="text-align: right;">▷ Odaiba Hotel </p>
DAY5	<p>Hotel 🚌 ▷ Narita san Shinsho Temple 🚌</p> <p>▷ Aeon Mall Narita 🚌 ▷ 🍴🍷 ▷ Narita A.P. ▷ BKK ✈️</p>

Tourist spot

①



Hitachi Seaside Park

<https://hitachikaihin.jp/>

Hitachi Seaside Park is perhaps Ibaraki's most famous tourist destination, known for its instagram-friendly fields of flowers. This huge park is best known for the stunning blue nemophila flowers in the Spring (mid-April onwards) and bright red kochia bushes in the Autumn (October), but there's plenty to see at other times of year including daffodils, tulips, sunflowers and oil-seed rape blossoms. As well as flowers, the park is also home to a small amusement park, traditional Japanese farmhouses, and hosts the annual Rock in Japan music festival. Once inside the park, visitors can enjoy the walk, rent a bike or ride the Seaside Train to get around. The park is fully wheelchair accessible.

What's more, Hitachi Seaside Park is located close to other destinations such as Aquaworld Aquarium, Hitachinaka Fish Market and Kaitakuen Park, so it's easy to plan a one or two-day trip to all these major sites!

②



Inawashiro Lake

<https://bandaisan.or.jp/ib/en/?welcome=hide>

Lake Inawashiro is a freshwater lake, the third in size in Japan and with a water transparency of 12-15 degrees. The lake is a migration ground for swans and home to the "Mizusuji-koge" moss clusters that have been designated a National Natural Monument. There is only one island in the lake, Okina-jima Island. Its view from National Route 49 as well as from the adjacent railway lines scenic spots in the lake area. Other places of natural interest include the crater lake Okenuma with a diameter of about 100 meters (328ft), emerald green waters and a beautiful hiking trail; Utabandai Goshikinuma, a cluster of five volcanic ponds; Oguninuma Pond, whose wetlands feature about 300 different species; and the largest of the Urabandai lakes, Lake Hibara, also a hot-spot for pond smelt fishing and best viewed through pleasure cruises.

③



Tsuruga Castle

<https://www.tsurugajo.com/>

When the castle was constructed nearly 600 years ago, it was just a traditional Japanese building. However, many famous Japanese military commanders successfully ruled the castle, as it was a key castle located at the center of the Tohoku Area. Around 400 years ago, the castle tower was built, and the castle was officially named "Tsurugajo castle". During the Boshin Civil War that occurred at the end of the Edo Period, many Aizu Citizens were held inside the castle as it was relentlessly attacked by the Meiji government army for a period of one month. Eventually, the Aizu clan was forced to surrender. After the Meiji Period in 1874, Tsurugajo Castle, which was once called impregnable, was completely torn down, except for the stone walls surrounding the perimeters. The current castle tower was rebuilt in 1965.

Tourist spot

④



Ouchijuku

<https://ouchi-juku.com/detail/622/freepage-3.html>

Ouchijuku is a former post station located in Minamiaizu-gun, Fukushima Prefecture. Because of its historical significance, the entire town is designated as an important preservation district of historic buildings. The central point of Ouchijuku's tourist spots is this preserves district. The district is home to numerous eateries, souvenir shops, accommodations and more, all with thatched roofs. Enjoy a stroll through the townscape as you think about the Edo Period (1603-1868) in which these buildings were constructed. If you're willing to travel a little distance from Ouchijuku, other recommended spots include the To-no-Hetsuri, a cliff which forms over a period of 1 million years, another important preservation district of historic buildings called Mazawa Magariya Village, and the Aizu Tajima Gion-kan which will introduce you to the 800 years of culture behind the festivals in this region.

⑤



Chuzenji Lake

<http://www.nikko-kankou.org/spot/12/>

Chuzenji Lake has a Circumference of about 25 km and a maximum depth of 163m. The canyon is said to have been blocked by lava due to a mountain eruption. The original shape was made in Minamidai About 20.000 years ago. The appearance of each season is beautiful, and it was a popular summer resort for foreigners from the Meiji era to the early Showa era. The beautiful sight has been passed down to this day. From the idyllic lakeside at the foot of the mountain, you can enjoy various expressions depending on the season. I like it, but I especially like the azaleas and autumn leaves in early summer.

⑥



Nikko Toshogu

<http://www.nikko-kankou.org/spot/2/>

Nikko Toshogu is a Shrine located in Nikko City, Tochigi Prefecture, which enshrines Toshō Daigongen, who deified Ieyasu Tokugawa, the first shogun of Tokugawa. The current main shrine group was rebuilt in 1636 by the third shogun Iemitsu. On December 2, 1999, the two shrines and Temple (Toshogu, Futarasan Shrine, Rinnoji) "Shrine and Temple of Nikko" were registered as a World Heritage Site. Nikko Toshogu is a tourist attraction in Nikko that is visited by many tourists, including worshipers and foreigners. Yomei Gate is located in front of Karamon and is the most luxurious gate in Nikko Toshogu Shrine. The golden Yomei Gate, which is decorated with countless sculptures, is designated as a national treasure. The Yomei Gate is engraved with 508 bodies and is decorated with countless gold leaves. The sculptures include figures, spirit beasts, flowers and birds, plants, animals, creatures, etc., and represent various teachings.

Tourist spot

7



Ashikaga Flower Park

<http://www.ashikaga.co.jp/>

The largest wisteria garden in Japan with over 350 Wisteria trees in a park of 94.000m². There are many visitors every year during the season of 'Wisteria Story-Great Wisteria Festival'. The park is proud to have more than 350 blossoming wisteria such as the 150 year old great wisteria which is a Tochiji Prefecture designated natural treasure, the large wisteria trellis as big as 600 tatami mats with three wisteria trees, a unique wisteria with double blossoms and an 80m long tunnel of white wisteria. Visitors can enjoy seasonal flowers throughout the year. Recently the park has been chosen and certified by night view appraisers as the best illumination display in Japan. The 'Flower Garden of Light' illumination display is extremely popular.

8



Senso Temple

<https://www.senso-ji.jp/>

Asakusa is a town located in Taito Ward ,Tokyo, and is prosperous as a downtown area and a tourist destination as the temple town of Sensoji Temple. Asakusa retains the atmosphere of the townscape of Tokyo, and Nakamise-dori in front of Sensoji Temple has many traditional crafts and Japanese sweets shops. Asakusa is famous as a city where you can enjoy shopping , eating and drinking while enjoying Japanese traditions. Sensoji Temple is the oldest temple in Tokyo. Sensoji Temple is one the most popular tourist destinations in Japan, and the number of visitors is one of the top 10 in Japan. "Kaminarimon" is the gate of Sensoji Temple. A vermilion lantern with a height of 3.9 m and a diameter of 3.3 m is suspended in the center of the gate. Kaminarimon is one of the most famous sightseeing spots in Asakusa, and you can see tourists from Japan and overseas taking commemorative photos every day in front of Kaminarimon.

9



Nokogiri Mountain

<http://www.nihonji.jp/keidai/>

Mt. Nokogiri rises on the border between Futtsu City and Kyonan Town and is the western end of the Kiyosumi Mountains. The steep ridgeline, like the teeth of a saw, has long been a landmark for ships entering Tokyo Bay. From the top, the foot of the mountain has fallen into the sea at once. There is a ropeway as well as a walk to the summit at an altitude of 329.5 meters. At the top is the Jushu List, which offers a 360- degree view. Mt. Nokogiri Observatory has a wonderful view and faces Tokyo Bay, so it is a great panorama of Mt. Fuji and the Muira Peninsula. Mt. Nokogiri is designated as Minami Boso National Monument. Literally, it has a steep ridgeline like a saw tooth and has long been a landmark for ships entering Tokyo Bay. At 329.5 meters above sea level, it is one of the representative mountains of Chiba along with Mt. Kiyosumi. The vertically steep quay is terrifyingly sophisticated. If you walk a little from the observatory, you will find "Hell Peep" in the rocky cliff.

Land Cost



■BUS

40seat Luxury Tipe/3 trunks/1 Driver/Exclude parking fee, Tool way fee and driver cost

■Accomodation

1st day Active Resort Urabandai hotel or similar

Japanese room or Western room 【TWN or DBL】 Meal:Dinner and Breakfast

2nd day Hotel Mikazuki or similar

Japanese room or Western room 【TWN or DBL】 Meal:Dinner and Breakfast

3rd day Asakusa View hotel or similar

Western room 【TWN or DBL】 Meal:Dinner and Breakfast

4th day Graund Nikko Tokyo daiba Hotel Sendai or similar

Western room 【TWN or DBL】 Meal:Breakfast only

■Sightseeing&Expirence cost

Include

■Meal Breakfast 4times Lunch 4times Dinner 4times Exclude Beverage and extra food.

■Guide Exclude ✕If you need,please ask me.I can arrange guide

**Please contact us as the price
will change due to seasonality**

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